# **MEMO**

**TO:** Planning Advisory Committee

**FROM:** Torben Laux, Land Use Planner

**DATE:** March 25<sup>th</sup>, 2025

RE: Site Plan Approval Process

This document provides a step-by-step guide on how a Site Plan Approval will take place and outlines the relevant policies and regulations that must be considered. A chart from the Province of Nova Scotia, Department of Municipal Affairs, detailing the process is also attached.

#### **EXAMPLE APPLICATION & PROCESS**

For this example, we use **Option B** from the Memo by Andrew Fisher to the Planning Advisory Committee:

### Option B

Apartment buildings 3-6 units: 200 m<sup>2</sup> per unit

7-12 units:  $1200 \text{ m}^2 + 50 \text{ m}^2 \text{ per unit}$ 

This option would get rid of the ground and upper floor calculations and keep the lot area relatively large for the smaller developments, while providing a modest reduction in minimum lot area for 7-12 units as shown below:

Building	Min. Lot Area	Lot Coverage	Lot Area/unit
4 unit – 2 storey	800 sqm / 8,608 sqft	21 %	200 sqm
6 unit – 2 storey	1200 sqm/17,222 sqft	21%	200 sqm
8 unit – 2 storey	1600 sqm/17,216 sqft	21%	200 sqm
12 unit – 2 storey	1800 sqm/19,368 sqft	<mark>28%</mark>	<mark>150 sqm</mark>

### The proposed development details are as followed:

Lot Size: 38,613 sqft (3587.26 sqm)

Number of Units Proposed: 12 units (mix of one and two-bedrooms)

Number of Floors: 2

Zone: General Residential

#### We assume the applicant provided the following drawings in their application:

- Application and Fee
- Written Letter (detailing the site plan and process/phasing)
  - "The proposed development located at 123 Road Street, NS will feature a 2-story, 12-unit apartment building, ranging from one to two-bedroom apartments. Once of these units will be barrier-free. The development will allow space for 15 parking spots located behind the building which will be screened in with a 6ft high fence shielding it from neighboring properties. The parking surface is asphalt. One of these parking spaces will be dedicated to the barrier-free unit.

Each unit will have a 6 sqm balcony for amenity space. The remaining lands, not used for parking or building footprint, will be landscaped with new trees and where possible, existing trees will remain. Waste bins will also be screened in and located so its easy to access them but far enough away from neighboring properties (see site plan)".

- Site Plan
  - Location of Building
  - 15 parking spaces (1.25/unit)
  - o Landscaping Plan
    - New and existing trees, and location of fence.
  - Stormwater Management Plan

# **Submission of Site Plan Approval Application**

The property owner or designated representative submits a written application to the Town's Development Officer.

### Application Requirements (LUB Section 3.8(a))

The application must include:

- A written description of the proposal, including:
  - 1. Location of the subject property
  - 2. Name and address of the property owner or representative
  - 3. Existing uses of the property, including descriptions of any structures or improvements
  - 4. Proposed uses, including floor areas
  - 5. Height and number of storeys of the proposed structure (2 storeys in this example)
  - 6. Ground floor area and total floor area of the structure
  - 7. Proposed number of dwelling units (12 units in this example)
  - 8. Proposed number of parking spaces (15 spaces in this example, or 1.25 per unit)
- Supporting Illustrations & Plans:
  - o A professionally prepared Site Plan showing the proposed building location
  - Landscaping Plan
  - Stormwater Management Plan
  - Additional materials as required by the Development Officer
    - This could include phasing plan, detailed elevations, site specific renders...etc.

# **Evaluation of Application**

The Development Officer reviews the application to determine compliance with the Land Use Bylaw (LUB) and other regulations. This evaluation criteria may vairy based on contact and site proposal but must be considered where applicable. As this process is new, the development officer/s will follow a checklist of items that must be covered and considered, these are listed below.

### Evaluation Criteria (LUB Section 3.8(b))

- 1. Easements
  - o All easements must be identified on the site plan (if applicable).
    - a) For this example, no easements are needed.
- 2. Emergency Services
  - The proposal must provide adequate emergency service access.
    - a) For this example, the access points to the site are sufficient.
- 3. Location of New Buildings
  - Minimizing impact on adjacent lots: The new 12-unit, 2-storey apartment must be positioned to minimize impacts on adjacent properties.
  - o **Street orientation:** The main facade and public entrance must face the street.
  - Setbacks: If the building has decks or balconies above 2.0m and is adjacent to single, double, or townhouse dwellings, it must be set back at least 10.0m from the lot line.
    - a) <u>For this example, we assume all setbacks are met. The buildings main façade faces the</u> street.
- 4. Parking, Access, and Outdoor Storage (LUB Section 7.1.2 and 5.1)
  - o Parking must be at the side or rear of the building unless the lot size/configuration prevents it.
  - Driveways and parking areas must be surfaced with asphalt, concrete, bricks, or permeable pavers.
  - Screening is required for parking/outdoor storage adjacent to residential areas.
    - a) For this example, we see that the applicant placed the parking behind the building, providing the 15 parking spaces needed (1.25/unit). The parking is screened in with a 1.2m (6ft) high fence) and is paved.
- 5. Landscaping and Open Space (LUB Section 7.1.4, MPS Policy 5-66)
  - Existing vegetation must be retained and incorporated where possible.
  - At least 50% of the front yard must be landscaped (excluding impermeable surfaces like driveways).
    - a) For this example, we see that the applicant proposes balconies (6sqm) for each unit which takes care of the required amenity space. The site plan also shows new and existing tree placement.
- 6. Stormwater Management (LUB Section 7.2.1, MPS Policy 5-27 & 5-28)
  - Stormwater runoff must be managed on-site or directed to a public street.
  - The development must not increase runoff onto adjacent properties.
    - a) For this example, the applicant provided a stormwater management plan. The development officer would run this passed the Engineering department before making any decision.

We can see that the applicant meets the requirements set out in the LUB and all MPS Policies. The applicant would also be reviewed by the Building Official to ensure Accessibility regulations and other building standards are met through the National and Nova Scotia Building Code Regulations. The development officer reviewing

this applicant also ensure the architectural features of the proposed apartment building fit in with its surroundings. This could be similar materials and colours are used.

Once the Development Officer, Building Official, and any other person who reviewed the applicant have signed off, the application will move forward.

# After the Review from the Development Officer

### **Step 1: Decision by Development Officer**

### **Approval**

If the application meets all requirements, the Development Officer approves the Site Plan.

#### Refusal

- If the proposal does not comply, the Development Officer refuses the Site Plan Approval.
- A written notice of refusal is mailed to the applicant.

### Step 2: Filing of Approved Site Plan

- The approved site plan and a legal undertaking signed by the applicant are filed with the Town.
- The recorded site plan remains in effect even if the property ownership changes, unless discharged by the Town.

### **Step 3: Notification to Adjacent Property Owners (LUB Section 3.9)**

- All assessed property owners within 30 meters (98.4 feet) receive written notification of the approval by mail.
- Written notification is considered received three days after mailing.

### **Step 4: Appeal Period (LUB Section 3.10)**

- Property owners within 30 meters have 14 days from the date they receive the notice to appeal the decision to the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO).
- If the Development Officer refuses the application, the applicant is notified by mail and has 7 days to appeal the refusal.

### Step 5: Appeal Process (LUB Sections 3.9 & 3.10)

- The CAO refers the appeal to Town Council for review.
- Property owners within 30 meters receive written notification of the appeal hearing.
- They may attend and speak at the hearing.

### **Step 6: Final Decision**

- Town Council reviews the appeal and makes a final decision.
- The applicant and affected property owners are notified of the decision.

### **Step 7: Compliance and Ongoing Requirements**

- The development must comply with the approved Site Plan.
- Any future amendments require a new Site Plan Approval application.

### **Step 8: Issuance of Development Permit**

• A Development Permit is issued to allow work to proceed in accordance with the approved Site Plan.

The development must comply with the approved Site Plan and any other bylaws set out in LUB Section 3.17 Compliance with other Bylaws. Any future amendments require a new Site Plan Approval application.

### DISCUSSION

The proposed 12-unit, 2-storey apartment building meets all Site Plan Approval (SPA) requirements under the General Residential Zone, demonstrating how SPA facilitates well-planned multi-unit developments. The lot size of 3,587.26 m² exceeds the minimum requirement. The site plan includes 15 parking spaces at a ratio of 1.25 per unit, with parking located behind the building and screened by a 1.8m (6ft) high fence, ensuring compliance with parking and screening requirements.

The proposal also satisfies landscaping, amenity space, and stormwater management requirements. The applicant's landscaping plan retains existing trees while incorporating new trees, ensuring integration with the surrounding environment. The applicant meets the amenity space standards for multi-unit developments with balconies for each unit. Furthermore, a stormwater management plan is provided which shows water runoff issues on neighboring properties is considered.

This example illustrates how SPA allows for an efficient and structured approval process while maintaining high planning and design standards. It ensures developments meet all zoning, servicing, and site design requirements without the need for a Development Agreement.

#### RELEVENT POLICIES

Key Municipal Planning Strategy (MPS) policies that apply to the proposed 12-unit, 2-storey apartment development under Site Plan Approval (SPA) Process are as followed:

### 1. General Residential Zone Policies (Applicable to Multi-Unit Developments)

- Policy 4-15: The General Residential Zone (GRZ) permits a range of residential uses and densities, supporting medium-density residential development, including multi-unit dwellings.
- Policy 4-18: Multi-unit dwellings with 7-12 units (such as the proposed 12-unit apartment) are permitted by Site Plan Approval in the General Residential Zone.

### 2. Parking and Landscaping Requirements

- Policy 5-21: The Town shall establish landscaping standards for development.
- Policy 5-22: Tree planting provisions must be met to integrate plantings into the urban environment.
- LUB Section 5.1: Dwellings containing more than four dwelling units require 1.25 parking spaces per unit.
- LUB Section 7.1.5: Requires at least one live tree per 50 m<sup>2</sup> of front yard area not occupied by parking.

### 3. Stormwater Management Policies

- Policy 5-26: Maximum lot coverage provisions must be followed to limit the percentage of impermeable surfaces.
- Policy 5-27: The Town encourages green infrastructure for stormwater management, such as permeable pavement, bioswales, and rain gardens.
- Policy 5-28: A stormwater management plan is required to ensure new development does not increase peak flows into local drainage systems, such as Dickey Brook.

### 4. Site Plan Approval Policies

- Policy 6-18: Enables the use of Site Plan Approval as a tool to provide additional oversight and flexibility for developments.
- Policy 6-19: Requires the Town to adhere to notification requirements for development proposals under Site Plan Approval.

#### 5. Urban Design and Site Integration

- Policy 4-19: While this applies to developments of 13+ units (development agreements), it provides guidance on compatibility considerations, including:
  - o Architectural design must blend with surrounding buildings.
  - Bulk and massing should be compatible with neighboring properties.
  - Stormwater runoff must be appropriately managed.

### 6. Amenity Space Policies (for Multi-Unit Residential Developments)

- Policy 5-66 (MPS): The Land Use Bylaw must establish amenity space requirements to ensure residents have access to usable outdoor or indoor spaces
- LUB Section 7.1.4:
  - o Any building with 3 or more units must provide 20 m<sup>2</sup> of amenity space per unit
  - Balconies (minimum 6 m² each) can waive the 20 m² per unit requirement.
  - Amenity space must include recreation areas such as:
    - Balconies, patios, landscaped areas, or community rooms.
  - Amenity space cannot include parking, hallways, or foyers

### 7. Public Notification and Engagement

- LUB Section 3.9: All assessed property owners within 30 meters (98.4 feet) must receive written notification of a Site Plan Approval decision.
- LUB Section 3.10: Appeals can be made to the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) within 14 days of notification.

### CONCLUSION

The Site Plan Approval process provides a balanced approach to development review, ensuring that projects align with established zoning and policy standards while allowing for an efficient approval process. This example highlights how SPA enables predictable and well-regulated growth, ensuring that new developments are compatible with their surroundings, and protect adjacent properties.

# Chart 5 - Site Plan Approval Process

